



LOCAL NEWS RESEARCH  
PROJECT



SPATIAL INFORMATION FOR  
**SPICE**  
COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

**Local News Map Data**  
**August 1, 2024**

## ABOUT THIS PROJECT

The [Local News Map](#) is a crowd-sourced resource that tracks what is happening to local newspapers, broadcast outlets and online/digital news sources in communities across Canada. The map displays information going back to 2008, the start of a deep recession and a turning point for many previously profitable local news organizations. This report summarizing the latest information gleaned from the map is published every two months along with a spreadsheet displaying the latest data. Both are archived [here](#).

The map displays markers that represent changes to free local daily newspapers, paid subscription local daily newspapers, community newspapers (published fewer than five days per week), private/public radio stations, private/public television stations and online/digital news sources, including online radio stations, newsletters, web-based digital news sites and other emerging online formats.

The following types of changes to local news operations are recorded on the map:

- the closing or launch of a news outlet
- service improvements such as a new or extended local television newscast
- service reductions such as a reduction in the number of times a newspaper publishes per week
- mergers of local news outlets that result in the launch of a new entity and/or the closing of an existing news operation
- local free daily newspapers that become community newspapers
- local paid-subscription daily newspapers that become community newspapers
- local news operations that shift to making content available online only

Map markers only reflect the most recent change at a news outlet so a digital site that launched in 2016 would show up on the map/in the data as a “new” online/digital outlet. If that news operation subsequently expanded service by, for instance, opening bureaus in nearby communities, the marker would be changed to a “service increase” marker and appear that way in the overall data. The marker description would, however, include information about the history of the launch and any other previous changes.

A local news organization is defined as a news outlet that maintains independence from those it covers, demonstrates a commitment to accuracy and transparency in reporting methods, and is devoted primarily to reporting and disseminating timely, originally produced news about people, places, issues and events in a defined geographic area.

When users click on a map marker, a pop-up box displays the name and owner of the news outlet along with information on what changed, the community name, when the change occurred, language of operation and links to the source of information about the change. Filters allow users to sort the markers by news outlet ownership, media type and type of change.

The information that registered users add to the map about changes to local newspaper, radio, television and online/digital news sources is displayed using color-coded markers. Map administrators also regularly add markers. The fact that the pace of change is steady but slow helps ensure the accuracy of map data because, with fewer than a dozen markers typically

added each month, administrators are able to verify each crowd-sourced submission. This includes reviewing the contents of links that provide details of the change that has occurred. These links are published with the markers so the source of the information is clear to map users. The journalists, researchers, journalism students, media owners and community members who visit the site and are quick to point out errors also constitute a form of quality control for the data.

This project is the result of a collaboration between Professor [April Lindgren](#), lead investigator for the [Local News Research Project](#) at Toronto Metropolitan University's School of Journalism and Associate Professor [Jon Corbett](#), who leads the University of British Columbia's [SpICE Lab](#) (Spatial Information for Community Mapping). Funding for this project has been provided by the Rossy Foundation, the [Ken and Debbie Rubin Public Interest Advocacy Fund](#), the [Canadian Geospatial and Open Data Research Partnership](#), the Canadian Media Union/CWA Canada, Canadian Journalists for Free Expression, a Mitacs Accelerate grant, Unifor and Toronto Metropolitan University.

Credits/citations: The Local News Map is a joint project of the Local News Research Project at Toronto Metropolitan University's School of Journalism and the University of British Columbia's SpICE Lab (Spatial Information for Community Mapping).

Lindgren, April & Corbett, Jon. (2024). *Local News Map Data: August 1, 2024*. Local News Research Project. <http://localnewsresearchproject.ca/category/local-news-map-data>

Visit the map: <https://localnewsmap.geolive.ca/>

Contact us: [localnewspoverty@gmail.com](mailto:localnewspoverty@gmail.com)

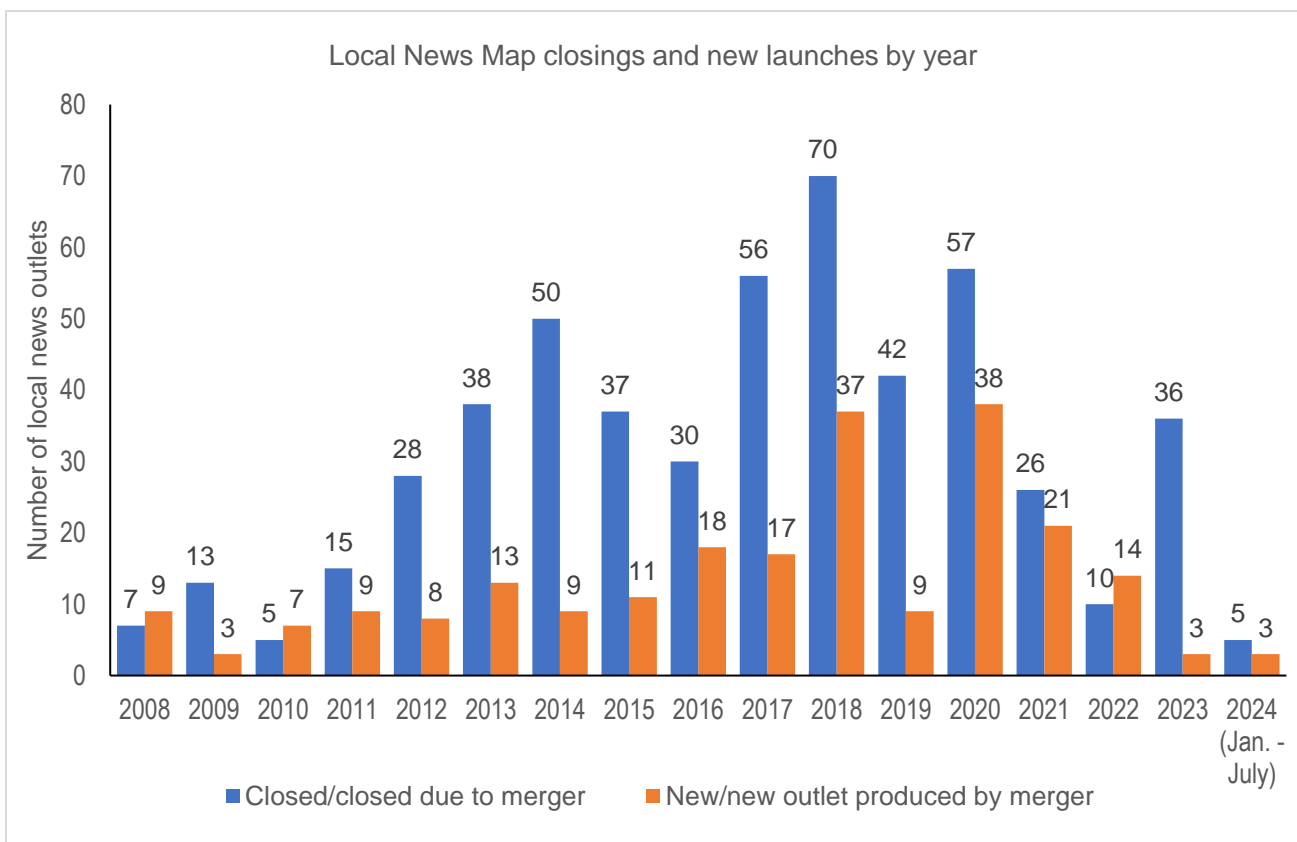
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## Worth noting

### General

- Between 2008 and August 1, 2024, 525 local news outlets closed in 347 communities across Canada. Of those:
  - 400 closings or 76 per cent of the total were community newspapers, which publish fewer than five times per week.
  - 111 were local community newspapers that closed after they were merged with other newspapers to produce regional publications.
- Between 2008 and August 1, 2024, 387 local news outlets launched. Of those:
  - 229 opened in 161 communities and remain in operation.
  - 30 outlets launched, remain open, but either increased or decreased service.
  - 128 news outlets, one third of the total, launched but subsequently closed.



Note: This chart only reflects launch data for the 229 news outlets that opened since 2008, remain open, and are represented on the map as "new" or "new outlet produced by merger" map markers. It does not include the 30 outlets that launched and experienced a service increase or service decrease or the 128 outlets that subsequently closed.

### A closer look at data on the launch of new outlets

As of the June 1, 2024 report, we have refined the process for calculating the number of new local news outlets. Until then, data were only available for newly launched outlets represented on the map as "new" or "new outlet produced by merger" map markers.

Going forward, however, data in these bimonthly reports will also capture the outlets that launched during our study period and subsequently announced a change in service. These changes alter how the outlets are represented on the map from “new” to “increase in service,” “decrease in service,” “shifted to online,” “closed” or “closed due to merger” markers. While this approach is consistent with map protocols that require markers to reflect the most recent changes, we were concerned that it also resulted in an undercounting of new local news outlets.

To address this problem, we identified all outlets on the map that launched since 2008 including those that subsequently experienced changes that altered their representation on the map.

This approach, which in the future will be used whenever new information is added to the map, paints a more accurate picture of new outlet launches. Notably:

- 229 new local news outlets launched between 2008 and August 1, 2024 in 161 communities that remain open and have not experienced any other service changes. **They appear on the map as "new" or “new outlet produced by merger” markers.**
- 158 local news outlets that launched between 2008 and August 1, 2024, but subsequently experienced other changes in service. **They are currently represented on the map as the following types of markers.**

Current marker type	Number of outlets
Closed	111
Closed due to merger	17
Decrease in service	5
Increase in service	6
Shifted to online	19
Total	158*

\*No launch year information could be found for 13 local news outlets.

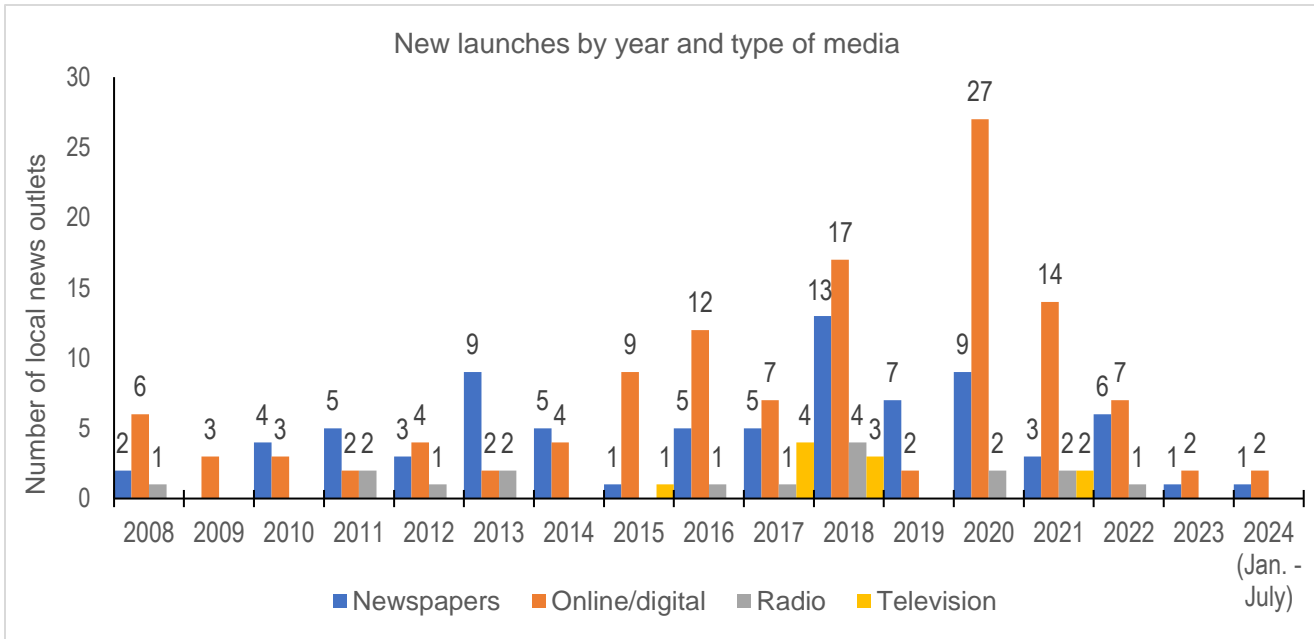
### Post-pandemic bad news continues to unfold

A special [report](#) published in mid-2022 that examined the effects of the pandemic on news media in Canada suggested difficult times may be ahead given the end of government COVID subsidies and uncertain prospects for a major recovery in advertising. Recent developments suggest those difficult times are here.

Notable developments between January 1, 2023 and August 1, 2024 include:

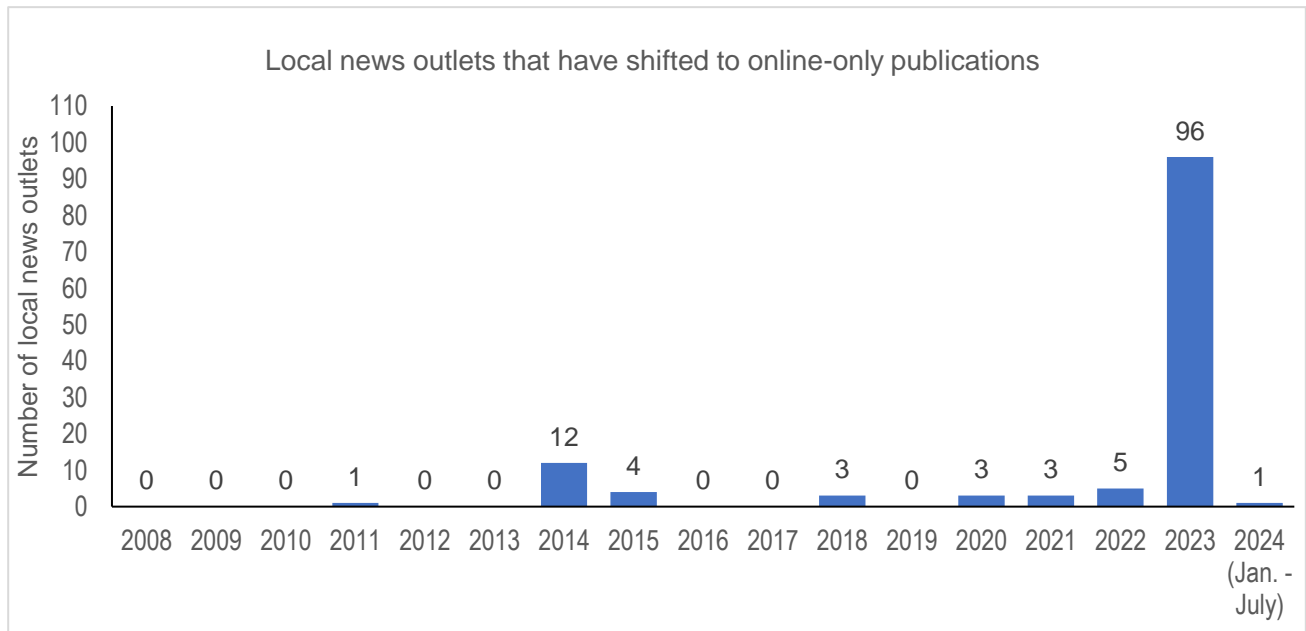
- A resurgence in local news outlet closures after a lull in 2021 and 2022. Of the 41 closures, 31 were community newspapers, nine were privately-owned radio stations and one was an online news outlet. Nearly half of the closings occurred in the Montreal area in August 2023 when Métro Média announced it was halting publication of 17 community newspapers. The company declared bankruptcy a month later.
- A wave of cuts affecting the provision of broadcast news:
  - Corus Entertainment Inc., which owns Global News, announced layoffs that resulted in the loss of [55 media positions](#) across Canada as of mid-July 2024. The affected personnel included TV anchors, broadcast announcers, hosts, producers, videographers and digital broadcast journalists, among others.

- CTV announced in February 2024 that effective immediately CTV News @ Noon newscasts on all CTV stations except Toronto were cancelled along with the 6 p.m. and late night weekend newscasts on all CTV and CTV2 stations except Toronto, Montreal, and Ottawa. CTV newscasts on federal stat holidays on all stations except Toronto also ceased. CTV and CTV2 stations in 21 markets were affected.
- In June 2023, BCE Inc. announced the [layoff of 1,300 people and the closing of six local radio stations](#). Bell Media, which is part of BCE, also told the federal telecommunications regulator that its 35 local television stations are under financial strain and asked for [major reductions in local news content requirements](#). If the Canadian Radio-television and Telecommunications Commission (CRTC) agrees, Bell Media's television stations in major markets will no longer have to broadcast six hours of locally reflective news per week. In smaller markets, Bell wants permission to broadcast fewer than three hours of locally reflective news per week.
- SaltWire Network, the largest newspaper owner in Atlantic Canada, filed for creditor protection in March 2024. In addition to publishing four daily newspapers - the Chronicle Herald in Halifax, the Cape Breton Post in Sydney, N.S., the Guardian in Charlottetown, P.E.I. and the Telegram in St. John's, N.L., SaltWire owns 14 weeklies throughout Atlantic Canada excluding New Brunswick. The publications have remained open and in late July 2024 Postmedia [announced plans](#) to purchase "certain businesses" belonging to Saltwire and the *Halifax Herald*. The purchase was contingent upon approval from the Nova Scotia Supreme Court and to "satisfactory outcomes" in talks with unionized workers.
- Two months after entering into creditor protection, Surrey, B.C.-based Black Press [announced](#) on March 25, 2024 that the company has restructured, been sold and will continue its news operations. The company publishes 150 daily and weekly newspapers, magazines and websites in Canada and the United States, including dozens of community newspapers in Western Canada.
- A stall in the number of new local news outlet launches. Map data show only three news outlets launched last year. So far in 2024, only three new outlets have emerged. Village Media launched the local news websites FlamboroughToday.com and MiltonToday.ca in February and May, respectively. The Yukon Star community newspaper launched in May in response to the closing of The Whitehorse Star community paper earlier that month.



Note: This chart only reflects launch data for the 229 news outlets that opened since 2008, remain open, and are represented on the map as "new" or "new outlet produced by merger" map markers. It does not include the 30 outlets that launched and experienced a service increase or service decrease or the 128 outlets that subsequently closed.

- A massive increase in the number of publications that have abandoned print and are now published online only. All of the 97 publications affected were community newspapers. Nordstar accounted for most of the changes - the company announced in September 2023 that all of its 71 community newspapers in Ontario would immediately become digital-only publications. The decision came as the company put its Metroland Media Group division into creditor protection under the Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act.



### **Recent information added to the Local News Map**

Since the last Local News Map update on June 1, 2024, 3 new markers representing changes to local news media were added to the map including one from a previous year that came to our attention. Among the changes:

- Two new markers were added for private radio stations that closed: In June 2024, Corus Entertainment closed AM 730 (CKGO-AM) in Vancouver and 880 News (CHQT-AM) in Edmonton.
- A new marker was added for a new online news outlet: Fredericton Independent in Fredericton, New Brunswick, launched in January 2023.
- Two existing map markers were updated to reflect more recent service changes: The Varsity (Chinese language edition), previously represented by an “increase in service” map marker, closed in Toronto in March 2019; and Six Rivers News, published in Pugwash, Nova Scotia, previously included on the map as an “increase in service” map marker, closed in July 2024.

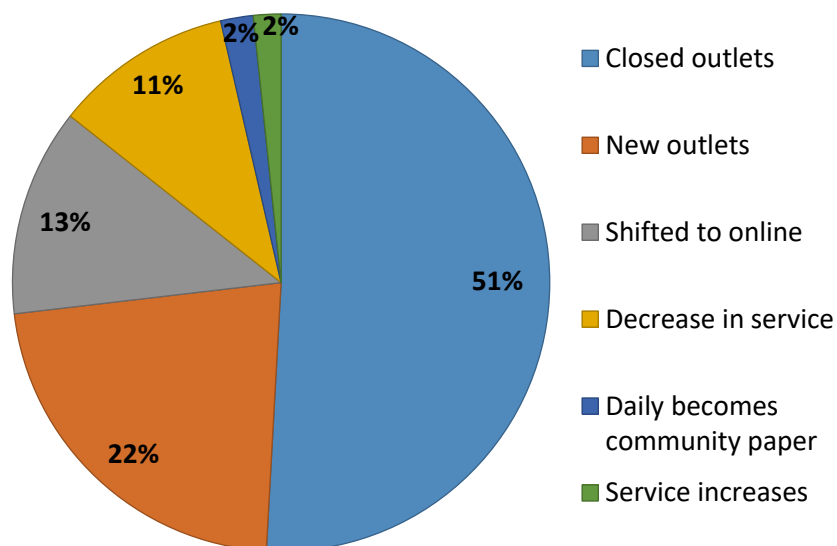


## Overview of map data

The map displayed a total of 1027 markers representing changes to local news outlets of all types between 2008 and August 1, 2024.

Breakdown of all markers by type of change that occurred:

closed	411
closed due to merger	114
daily (free) becomes a community paper	0
daily becomes a community paper	20
decrease in service	110
increase in service	15
new	198
new outlet produced by merger	31
shifted to online	128



Breakdown of all markers by type of media:

community paper	624
daily paper - free	30
daily paper - paid	66
online/digital	163
radio - private	56
radio - public	11
TV - private	50
TV - public	27

Breakdown of all markers by ownership<sup>1</sup>:

Independent owners <sup>2</sup>	211
Postmedia	109
Metroland	99
Black Press	45
Glacier Media	41
Bell Media	39
Transcontinental	38
Torstar	36
SaltWire Network	33
CBC/Radio-Canada	28
Métro Média	28
Sun Media	27
Village Media	20
Quebecor	18
Rogers Media	18
Great West Newspapers	17
Other	220

<sup>1</sup>Only owners associated with more than 15 markers are listed except in the case of independent owners

<sup>2</sup>Owners with fewer than 3 media properties

## Local news outlets that have closed since 2008

- Total number of closings: 525 (411 direct closings + 114 closings due to mergers)
- Number of communities where a local news outlet has closed: 347

### Breakdown of closings by type of media:

community paper	400
daily paper - free	27
daily paper - paid	13
online/digital	32
radio – private	36
radio – public	6
TV – private	11
TV – public	0

### Breakdown of closings by ownership<sup>1</sup>:

Independent owners <sup>2</sup>	88
Postmedia	57
Transcontinental	34
Black Press	32
Glacier Media	31
Métro Média	28
Sun Media	25
Metroland	24
SaltWire Network	24
Torstar	22
Other	160

<sup>1</sup>Only owners associated with more than 15 markers are listed except in the case of independent owners

<sup>2</sup>Owners with fewer than 3 media properties

## Newly launched local news outlets since 2008

- Total number of markers representing new outlets: 229 (198 new outlets + 31 new outlets produced by mergers)
- Number of communities where a new local news outlet has been launched: 161
- An additional 30 news outlets opened but then experienced service changes. These news outlets are represented on the map by “increase in service,” “decrease in service” and “shifted to online” markers.
- 128 local news outlets launched and closed over that same period. These news outlets are represented on the map by “closed” and “closed due to merger” markers.

### Breakdown of new outlets by media type:

community paper	78
daily paper - free	1
online/digital	123
radio – private	14
radio – public	3
TV – private	5
TV – public	5

### Breakdown of new outlets by ownership<sup>1</sup>:

Independent owners <sup>2</sup>	101
Village Media	18
Torstar	10
Big and Colourful Printing and Publishing	6
Overstory Media Group	6
Rogers Media	6
Black Press	5
The Discourse	5
Other	72

<sup>1</sup>Only owners associated with more than 4 markers are listed except in the case of independent owners

<sup>2</sup>Owners with fewer than 3 media properties

## Increases in service since 2008

- Total number of service increases: 15
- Number of affected communities: 15

Breakdown of service increases by type of media:

community paper	2
daily paper - free	0
daily paper - paid	2
online/digital	8
radio - private	0
radio - public	1
TV - private	2
TV - public	0

Note: Examples of service increases include longer local newscasts, the launch of a new local news program, increased frequency of publication for newspapers

## Decreases in service since 2008

- Total number of service reductions: 110
- Number of affected communities: 60

Breakdown of service reductions by type of media:

community paper	23
daily paper - free	1
daily paper - paid	25
online/digital	0
radio - private	6
radio - public	1
TV - private	32
TV - public	22

Note: Examples of service decreases include shorter newscasts or fewer print editions per week for newspapers

## Breakdown of data by type of local media (2008 to August 1, 2024)

### NEWSPAPERS

- Total number of markers representing changes at daily and community (published fewer than five times per week) newspapers: 720
- Total number of daily and community newspapers that have closed: 440 (326 direct closings + 114 closings due to mergers) in 320 communities
- Total number of markers representing newly launched daily and community newspapers: 79 (48 new outlets + 31 new outlets produced by mergers) in 72 communities
- Total number of daily and community newspaper service decreases: 49
- Total number of daily and community newspapers that shifted to online: 128
- Total number of daily newspapers that became community newspapers: 20
- Total number of daily and community newspaper service increases: 4

*Community newspaper markers on the map:*

- Total number of community newspaper markers: 624
- Total number of community newspapers that have closed: 400 (289 direct closings + 111 closings due to mergers) in 303 communities
- Total number of new community newspapers: 78 (47 new outlets + 31 new outlets produced by mergers) in 72 communities
- Total number of community newspaper service decreases: 23
- Total number of community newspapers that shifted to online: 121
- Total number of community newspaper service increases: 2

*Daily newspaper markers on the map:*

- Total number of daily newspaper markers: 96
- Total number of daily newspapers that have closed: 40 (37 direct closings + 3 closings due to mergers)
- Total number of new daily newspapers: 1 (1 new outlet)
- Total number of daily newspaper service decreases: 26
- Total number of daily newspapers that became community newspapers: 20
- Total number of community newspapers that shifted to online: 7
- Total number of community newspaper service increases: 2

**ONLINE/DIGITAL**

- Total number of markers representing changes at online/digital news sources: 163
- Total number of newly launched online news sites: 123
- Total number of closed online news sites: 32
- Total number of online news sites service increases: 8

**RADIO**

- Total number of markers representing changes at radio stations: 67
- Total number of new radio stations: 17
- Total number of closed radio programs: 42
- Total number of radio station service reductions: 7
- Total number of radio station service increases: 1

**TELEVISION**

- Total number of markers representing changes to television stations: 77
- Total number of new TV stations: 10
- Total number of closed TV stations: 11
- Total number of TV station service reductions: 54
- Total number of TV station service increases: 2

## Provincial data for changes to local news media since 2008

### Breakdown of changes to local news outlets by province/territory

Province/territory	Number of closings/ closings due to mergers	Number of new/new outlets due to merger	Number of service reductions	Number of service increases	Total # of markers
Alberta	62	23	28	1	114
British Columbia	82	43	26	3	154
Manitoba	31	11	6	0	48
New Brunswick	11	7	8	1	27
Newfoundland and Labrador	23	1	3	0	27
Northwest Territories	2	1	1	1	5
Nova Scotia	24	10	6	2	42
Nunavut	0	0	0	0	0
Ontario	150	103	131	5	389
Prince Edward Island	0	0	3	0	3
Quebec	101	18	37	1	157
Saskatchewan	38	11	8	1	58
Yukon	1	1	1	0	3
Canada (total)	525	229	258	15	1027

### Breakdown of number of changes to different types of media by province/territory

Province/territory	Newspaper	Online/ digital	Radio	Television	Total # of markers
Alberta	81	13	8	12	114
British Columbia	86	38	20	10	154
Manitoba	39	1	3	5	48
New Brunswick	18	6	0	3	27
Newfoundland and Labrador	20	1	5	1	27
Northwest Territories	2	1	1	1	5
Nova Scotia	33	7	0	2	42
Nunavut	0	0	0	0	0
Ontario	269	81	18	21	389
Prince Edward Island	2	0	0	1	3
Quebec	119	11	12	15	157
Saskatchewan	48	4	0	6	58
Yukon	3	0	0	0	3
Canada (total)	720	163	67	77	1027